Response to Letter Regarding Article, “Spontaneous Resolution of Central Serous Chorioretinopathy in a Patient With Congenital Retinal Macrovessel”

I sincerely thank Lee et al for their interest in our article.1 I also appreciate their words about the value of this case report to provide information regarding the etiologic relationship between central serous chorioretinopathy and congenital retinal macrovessel (CRM). Although they might be right about the origin of the macular edema from an anastomotic site at the CRM, the level of the leakage is not completely clear. Likewise, the spontaneous resolution of the condition in 1 month, the existence of a recent stressful episode, and the elevated 24-hour urine cortisol levels argue in favor of a central serous chorioretinopathy. Unfortunately, I did not have spectral domain optical coherence tomography at the moment the patient was visited. Nevertheless, there is not always a typical serous retinal detachment in the previously described cases of CRM. Thus, the optical coherence tomography findings observed in our case are comparable to those reported by Arai et al,2 which revealed a combination of serous retinal detachment with certain amount of intraretinal fluid in the inner retina. Finally, another case of central serous chorioretinopathy associated with a CRM has already been reported.3 As in Kumar’s case, whether our central serous chorioretinopathy could be caused by CRM or whether these are coincidental findings remains to be determined.

Disclosures

None.

Francisco J. Ascaso, MD, PhD
Department of Ophthalmology
“Lozano Blesa” University Clinic Hospital
Aragon Health Sciences Institute
Zaragoza, Spain

References

Response to Letter Regarding Article, "Spontaneous Resolution of Central Serous Chorioretinopathy in a Patient With Congenital Retinal Macrovessel"
Francisco J. Ascaso

_Circulation_. 2012;126:e25
doi: 10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.112.113688
_Circulation_ is published by the American Heart Association, 7272 Greenville Avenue, Dallas, TX 75231
Copyright © 2012 American Heart Association, Inc. All rights reserved.
Print ISSN: 0009-7322. Online ISSN: 1524-4539

The online version of this article, along with updated information and services, is located on the World Wide Web at:

http://circ.ahajournals.org/content/126/2/e25

**Permissions:** Requests for permissions to reproduce figures, tables, or portions of articles originally published in _Circulation_ can be obtained via RightsLink, a service of the Copyright Clearance Center, not the Editorial Office. Once the online version of the published article for which permission is being requested is located, click Request Permissions in the middle column of the Web page under Services. Further information about this process is available in the Permissions and Rights Question and Answer document.

**Reprints:** Information about reprints can be found online at:
http://www.lww.com/reprints

**Subscriptions:** Information about subscribing to _Circulation_ is online at:
http://circ.ahajournals.org/subscriptions/